**Appendix 4**



**Initial Equalities Impact Assessment screening form**

*Prior to making the decision, the Council’s decision makers considered the following: guide to decision making under the Equality Act 2010:*

*The Council is a public authority. All public authorities when exercising public functions are caught by the Equality Act 2010 which became law in December 2011. In making any decisions and proposals, the Council - specifically members and officers - are required to have* ***due regard*** *to the* ***9*** *protected characteristics defined under the Act. These protected characteristics are:* ***age, disability, race, gender reassignment, pregnancy and maternity, religion or belief, sex, sexual orientation******and marriage & civil partnership***

*The decision maker(s) must specifically consider those protected by the above characteristics:*

*(a) To seek to ensure equality of treatment towards service users and employees;*

*(b) To identify the potential impact of the proposal or decision upon them.*

*The Council will also ask that officers specifically consider whether:*

1. *The policy, strategy or spending decisions could have an impact on safeguarding and / or the welfare of children and vulnerable adults*
2. *The proposed policy / service is likely to have any significant impact on mental wellbeing / community resilience (staff or residents*)

*If the Council fails to give ‘due regard’, the Council is likely to face a Court challenge. This will either be through a judicial review of its decision making, the decision may be quashed and/or returned for it to have to be made again, which can be costly and time-consuming diversion for the Council. When considering ‘due regard’, decision makers must consider the following principles:*

1. ***The decision maker is responsible for identifying whether there is an issue and discharging it****. The threshold for one of the duties to be triggered is low and will be triggered where there is any issue which needs at least to be addressed.*
2. ***The duties arise before the decision or proposal is made, and not after and are ongoing****. They require* ***advance*** *consideration by the policy decision maker with conscientiousness, rigour and an open mind. The duty is similar to an open consultation process.*
3. *The decision maker must be* ***aware of the needs of the duty****.*
4. *The* ***impact of the proposal or decision must be properly understood first****. The amount of regard due will depend on the individual circumstances of each case. The greater the potential impact, the greater the regard.*
5. ***Get your facts straight first!*** *There will be no due regard at all if the decision maker or those advising it make a fundamental error of fact (e.g. because of failing to properly inform yourself about the impact of a particular decision).*
6. *What does ‘due regard’ entail?*
	1. ***Collection and consideration of data and information;***
	2. ***Ensuring data is sufficient to assess the decision/any potential discrimination/ensure equality of opportunity;***
	3. ***Proper appreciation of the extent, nature and duration of the proposal or decision.***
7. ***Responsibility*** *for discharging can’t be delegated or sub-contracted (although an equality impact assessment (“EIA”) can be undertaken by officers, decision makers must be sufficiently aware of the outcome).*
8. ***Document the process*** *of having due regard! Keep records and make it transparent! If in any doubt carry out an equality impact assessment (“EIA”), to test whether a policy will impact differentially or not. Evidentially an EIA will be the best way of defending a legal challenge. See hyperlink for the questions you should consider* [*http://occweb/files/seealsodocs/93561/Equalities%20-%20Initial%20Equality%20Impact%20Assessment%20screening%20template.doc*](http://occweb/files/seealsodocs/93561/Equalities%20-%20Initial%20Equality%20Impact%20Assessment%20screening%20template.doc)
9. Within the aims and objectives of the policy or strategy which group (s) of people has been identified as being potentially disadvantaged by your proposals? What are the equality impacts?

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| The aims and objectives of the Strategy are intended to reduce the level of financial exclusion experienced by various sectors of the population of Oxford. As such the overall impact of this Strategy should be to reduce the disadvantage experienced by those on low incomes or unable to access financial services. There are those that are more vulnerable to this issue than others and the aim of this strategy will be to target those who perhaps have the highest need and are in danger of suffering some form of financial exclusion. These groups can include but are not necessarily limited to;* Young adults
* People on low or insecure incomes
* Benefit recipients
* Those suffering from fuel poverty or deprivation
* People with a disability or long term illness

Although the aim of the strategy is to reduce disadvantage, there are some groups of people who may not be able to take advantage of the support that the Strategy intends to provide. These are those groups of people that already find it hard to access Council Services and would include the elderly, people with disabilities that prevent them leaving their home and people whose first language is not English. As many of these people would be at a risk of financial exclusion, it is important to ensure they do not experience such disadvantage. |

1. In brief, what changes are you planning to make to your current or proposed new or changed policy, strategy, procedure, project or service to minimise or eliminate the adverse equality impacts?

 Please provide further details of the proposed actions, timetable for

 making the changes and the person(s) responsible for making the

 changes on the resultant action plan

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| To minimise the impact described above, the Strategy will be implemented jointly with partners in the City to maximise the number of people who can be reached. The various initiatives in the Strategy will be communicated to a wide range of voluntary groups and organisations which provide Housing support. These groups will be able to act as advocates for the work of this Strategy and identify those customers in need of support.In respect of the work to alleviate fuel poverty, specific funding has been made available for third party organisations to provide support to “hard to reach” customers. |

1. Please provide details of whom you will consult on the proposed changes and if you do not plan to consult, please provide the rationale behind that decision.

 Please note that you are required to involve disabled people in

 decisions that impact on them

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| Consultation was carried out prior to the Strategy being finalised. Details can be found in Appendix 2 of the CEB report. |

1. Can the adverse impacts you identified during the initial screening be justified without making any adjustments to the existing or new policy, strategy, procedure, project or service?

 Please set out the basis on which you justify making no adjustments

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| The impacts identified require adjustments to be made to avoid excluding a section of the population that the Strategy is specifically designed to support. The actions outlined in Section 2 above are intended to mitigate this impact. |

1. You are legally required to monitor and review the proposed changes after implementation to check they work as planned and to screen for unexpected equality impacts.

 Please provide details of how you will monitor/evaluate or review your

 proposals and when the review will take place

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| The Revenues & Benefits Programme Manager will review the Strategy’s action plan on a six monthly basis and report this to the Welfare Reform Officer Group, and One Council Programme Board. |

Lead officer responsible for signing off the EqIA: Paul Wilding

Role: Revenues & Benefits Programme Manager

Date: 6 September 2017

Note, please consider & include the following areas:

* Summary of the impacts of any individual policies
* Specific impact tests (e.g. statutory equality duties, social, regeneration and sustainability)
* Consultation
* Post implementation review plan (consider the basis for the review, objectives and how these will be measured, impacts and outcomes including the “unknown”)
* Potential data sources (attach hyperlinks including Government impact assessments or Oxfordshire data observatory information where relevant)